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Morin kindly supplies me with two further references on the subject: De Rossi *Inscript. christ. Urb. Romae* ii 110, 134, and 164, and H. Grisar *Gesch. Roms*, i 172, note 1.

Here then is some material for the solving of an interesting little problem. Its solution will be instructive as providing some more light on the development of legend, and also as contributing to elucidate the genesis and growth of Pseudo-Hieronymiana.

J. H. BAXTER.

LEXICAL NOTES FROM EPICTETUS.

(SUPPLEMENTARY to the writer's *Epictetus and the New Testament*, London, 1914—referred to as *E. and N. T.* The references are to Schenkl's Editio minor in the Teubner series (1898): 'Bk.' = Dissertationes; 'Frag.' = Dissertationum Fragmenta; 'Ench.' = Encheiridion; 'Cod. Vat.' = Sententiae Codicis Vaticani 1144.)

άγῶνα άγωνίζομαι.

και τοῦτον ἐδει τὸν ἀγῶνα ἀγωνίζεσθαι τὸν διδάσκαλον ὑμῶν—Bk. i 9. 12. Cf. 2 Tim. iv 7.

ἐκεῖνοs used for emphasis.

εἰ κακῶς αὐτῷ φαίνεται, ἐκεῖνος βλάπτεται, ὅστις καὶ ἐξηπάτηται—Ench. 42. Cf. John v 11 and E. and N. T. p. 38.

θεîos, 'divine'.

οὐδὲν θεοῦ μείζον καὶ ὑψηλότερον· εὐχόμενος τοιγαροῦν θεοῖς αἶτει τὰ θεῖα --Cod. Vat. 4. Cf. 2 Pet. i 3, 4.

τὸ θεῖον, ' the deity '.

οὔτε ὁ κολακεύων τιμậ τὸ θεῖον—Cod. Vat. 1. Cf. Moulton-Milligan Vocab. Gk. Test. part iii, p. 285.

θυρίς, 'window'.

ἔχεις καλὰ ἱμάτια . . . θυρίδα ἔχεις, θέλεις αὐτὰ ψῦξαι . . . θυρίδα μὴ ἔχε, μὴ ψῦχέ σου τὰ ἱμάτια. κἀγώ . . . ἀκούσας ψόφον τῆς θυρίδος κατέδραμον --Bk. i 18. 13-15. Cf. 2 Cor. xi 33.

ίδιώτηs, 'boorish'.

αν νῦν ἀμελήσης καὶ ἑαθυμήσης... ἰδιώτης διατελέσεις καὶ ζῶν καὶ ἀποθνήσκων—Ench. 51. 1. Cf. ἰδ. τ. λόγω 2 Cor. xi 6. Similarly ἰδιωτικός —Ench. 33. 13, and ἰδιωτισμός—Ench. 33. 15.

ίστημι—transitive perfect.

According to the papyri, in Hellenistic the verbs in $-\mu$ formed new tenses like $\delta\sigma\tau\bar{\alpha}\kappa a$ (transitive). Cf. Moulton *Prolegomena* p. 55.

Similarly in Epictetus κέκλεικε την θύραν, έστακέν τινα πρό του κοιτώνος-Bk. iii 22. 14. Τριπτολέμω μέν ίερα και βωμούς πάντες ανθρωποι ανεστάκασιν-Bk. i 4. 30. Cf. ¿ξεστακέναι-Acts viii 11. καθόλου, 'in general'. τοιοῦτόν τι καὶ ἐν τῷ καθόλου πάσχομεν . . . μεμνησθαι οὖν ἐν τοῖς καθόλου -Bk, iv 13. 6. 24. Cf. Acts iv 18. κοιτών, 'bedroom'. According to Moulton-Milligan (cf. Vocab. pt. iv, p. 353) a late word, in Bk. iii 22. 14 (v. sub. ίστημι). For N. T. cf. Acts xii 20. οίκονομία, αναστροφή. είς οἰκονομίαν καὶ ἀναστροφὴν τὴν ἐν τῷ βίω, ' for the administration and conduct of life'-Bk. i 9. 11. Cf. E. and N. T. pp. 18, 25. σάρξ. In Epictetus and I Peter = $\sigma \hat{\omega} \mu a$. Cf. Bk. iii 7. 2. 3, and I Pet. iv I. It has no moral significance. τυχόν, ' perhaps'. According to Moulton Prolegomena p. 74, the one surviving instance in N. T. of accus. abs. α τυχον μεν ακατάληπτά εστι τη ανθρωπίνη γνώμη - Frag. 1. Cf. E. and N. T. p. 101. ψυχή. In I Peter and Epictetus has two meanings :---I. 'Person', 'individual'. Cf. I Pet. iii 20 and E. and N. T. p. 34. 2. The whole immaterial nature of man. Cf. 1 Pet. i 9, ii 11, and Bk. iii 7. 2. 4. Cf. also Bigg I. C. C. St Peter and St Jude p. 40. ψυχικός, ' belonging to the soul'. ή ήδονη ή ψυχική . . . επί τίνι ουν ήσθησόμεθα ταύτην την ψυχικήν ήδονήν ;--- Bk. iii 7. 5. 7. D. S. SHARP.

WAS THE SACRAMENTARIUM LEONIANUM EVER AT MILAN?

I HAVE been struck by the number of 'Leonian' prayers in the Ambrosian books—many of them in the modern Breviary. Scipio Maffei, the enlarger of the Chapter Library at Verona, says that, when he found the *Sacr. Leon.* there in 1714, it had been lying hid for 100 years and

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How he knew this, he does not say, but that brings us to the more. beginning of the seventeenth century, the period of the two Borromeos' activities in revising the Ambrosian books: Card. Charles Borromeo appears to have published his (first?) revision in 1574, and the Prefect of the Ambrosian Library informs me that Card. Frederick Borromeo introduced the keeping of the Christoforia (on Jan. 7) between 1626 and 1629. I think it is not at all unlikely that the MS had been used by one or both of them at Milan before it found its way to Verona. The numerous marginal marks all through the MS (evidently systematic, but the clue to which has hitherto baffled us-see my edition, Sacr. Leon. p. x) may be theirs after all. But to find out whether that was so would require a careful investigation of their revisions and then a reference to the MS itself. I am most inadequately equipped for such a search in several ways, but have been trying-unsuccessfully at present-to obtain some book (by an Italian?) on the more recent history of the Ambrosian Rite. If this note incites some more competent student to take the subject up, I will give him all the help I can.

C. L. Feltoe.