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as unremitting. The context is full of figure, and it is possible that the allusions to angels and to "standing before the face of God" (cf. Esther i. 14, and the margin of 2 Kings xxv. 19) should be taken figuratively. "Always" is the emphatic word in the verse, the subject being the greatness and constancy of the Father's love of the children. And Dr. David Brown is said to have thus expounded the passage in a conversation with Irving: "None are allowed to enter without leave into the presence of our sovereign; but the nurses of the royal children have free access whenever they have anything to say about the children."

2. Probably for one or more of the following reasons. The passage appears to contain allusions to Ps. xci. 13, and possibly to Deut. viii. 15. Serpents and scorpions in the animal world, like thorns and thistles in the vegetable, are striking representatives of whatever is hurtful in religion or

the active service of God; and they are used in this sense in Old Testament and other early literature, from the story of the First Temptation down-This, together with the twofold treatment wards. of serpents in the various systems of animal worship, may perhaps be traced back ultimately to the physical appearance of serpents and scorpions, arousing disgust and terror, and to experience of the deadliness or pain of their venom or sting. There does not seem to be any such distinction in the verse as the further query implies, "serpents and scorpions" being included in and illustrations of the various hurtful agencies that together constitute "all the power of the enemy." If the passage is taken literally, as Acts xxviii. 3 might warrant, prominence must yet be given to its applied meaning, as leading up to the emphatic "Nothing shall by any means hurt you."—R. WADDY Moss.

St the Literary Cable.

A special article on The Theological Monthly, under the heading, "The Modern Religious Press," has been twice crushed out, and now we must rest content with this brief note instead. On the principle that one takes kindly to the son of an old friend, we welcomed the offspring of the ancient and highly respected British and Foreign Review as soon as he presented himself. He is still young in years, but his youth is vigorous, and there is not one of the monthlies we have more pleasure in receiving. Strictly theological as the name denotes, the difficult middle way is found and maintained with great skill between prolix dulness and flippancy. The editor is an accomplished clergyman of the Church of England, the Rev. Charles Neil, M.A., of Poplar. Here is the attractive bill of contents for September, which may be taken as an average number :--

Wellhausen on the Pentateuch—J. J. Lias.
The Greek Aorist and Perfect—R. F. Weymouth, D. Lit.
The Questions of the Bible—G. Beesley Austin.
The Footprints of Christ—J. W. Burn.
Lead us not into Temptation—F. G. Cholmondeley.

Professor Elmslie's Life (Professor W. G. Elmslie, D.D., edited by W. Robertson Nicoll, M.A., LL.D., and A. N. Macnicoll. London: Hodder & Stoughton) has lain upon the table for some months. A feeling of disappointment has prevented us saying anything about it. There is abundant evidence of skill in the writing of it, but the evidence of haste is as abundant. Our impression has been that the Life should have waited till the Letters could have gone along with it,—especially those which the Rev. A. Harper of Melbourne was known to possess,—and that the

Sermons should have been published separately. Mr. Harper's contribution to the *Expositor* for September makes that impression stronger than ever. One thing is certain now that all who have read the Life should see that they read this article also.

Whoever is in trouble about lectures for the coming winter should write to the Rev. George Duncan, D.D., Hornsey Rise Baptist Chapel, Sunnyside Road, N. The marvellous story of his lectureship is before us, and may be had for 2d. from Alexander & Shepheard, Furnival Street.

One of the best features of **The Worker's Monthly** is an article on the Bible and Modern Discovery, which appears every month. That in the September number happens to be on the same subject as Professor Whitehouse's "Reply" in this issue, and it is made more interesting and intelligible by an excellent little map which accompanies it.

"Over the Tea-cups," in the September Atlantic, is as lively as ever. The dictator turns preacher this month, and a very queer sermon he preaches. His topic—he does not announce a text—is future punishment. (We have a suspicion that the sea-serpent is going to lose its rights to the dull season.) We shall not argue with Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes. But it will scarcely do for him to say that the doctrine of eternal punishment "got in among the legends of the Church" in the same way as "the interpolation of the three witnesses' text, or the false insertion, or false omission, whichever it may be, of the last fourteen verses of the Gospel of St. Mark."

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